SAFETY DATA SHEET



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier

: Precede Cereal

Code

: Not available.

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type

: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Liquid Fertilizer.

Supplier/Manufacturer

: ATP Nutrition Ltd 190 Agri Park Road Oak Bluff, MB R4G 0A5

> Tel: 204-287-2023 Fax: 204-487-0027

Email: infocanada@atpnutrition.ca Web site: www.atpnutrition.ca

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

: CANUTEC: +1-613-996-6666 or *666 (cellular)

24/7

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H350 - May cause cancer.

H360 - May damage the unborn child.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements





Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention

: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing.

P284 - Wear respiratory protection.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

P272 (OSHA) - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

P304 + P341 (OSHA) - IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove person to fresh air

and keep comfortable for breathing.

P342 + P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or

physician.

P302 + P352 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Storage

P405 - Store locked up.

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification/

HHNOC/PHNOC

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable. **Product code** : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
	≥1 - ≤3 ≥0.3 - <1 ≥0.3 - <1	77-92-9 1303-96-4 7718-54-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open



Section 4. First aid measures

airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

Skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

Protection of first-aiders

: No specific treatment.

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.



Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: No specific fire or explosion hazard.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: No special measures are required.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.





Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store below the following temperature: 10°C (50°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

United States

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Citric acid	None.
Disodium tetraborate decahydrate	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
·	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	STEL: 6 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction
Nickel dichloride	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 0.015 mg/m³, (as Ni) 10 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).
	TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours.

Canada

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Disodium tetraborate decahydrate	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable STEL: 6 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction STEL: 6 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009). 8 hrs OEL: 1 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). TWAEV: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 6 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction
TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction

CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).

STEL: 0.3 mg/m³, (measured as Ni) 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction
TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (measured as Ni) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 7/2015).

TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction.

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 4/2009).
8 hrs OEL: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2015).
TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.





Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Brown.

Odor : Not available.
Odor threshold : Not available.
pH : 1.5 to 1.9
Melting point : Not available.
Boiling point : Not available.
Flash point : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)
Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

Evaporation rate

Not available.Not available.

: Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.

Relative density : 1.24

Solubility

Partition coefficient: n-

: Not available.

Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient:

octanol/water

. Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Citric acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
Disodium tetraborate decahydrate	LD50 Oral	Rat	2660 mg/kg	-
Nickel dichloride	LD50 Oral	Rat	105 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion





Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Citric acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 μg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
Disodium [[N,N'-ethylenebis[N- (carboxymethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N', O,O',ON,ON']manganate(2-)	-	-	-	A4	-	-
Nickel dichloride	-	1	-	A4	-	+

Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

Teratogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	3.3	Route of exposure	Target organs
Nickel dichloride	Category 1	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

There is no data available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Inhalation

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations





Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low

levels.

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: May damage the unborn child.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	115384.6 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Citric acid	Acute LC50 160000 µg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Carcinus maenas - Adult	48 hours
Disodium tetraborate decahydrate	Acute EC50 1645 mg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cypris subglobosa	48 hours
Nickel dichloride	Acute EC50 81.5 μg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 210 µg/L Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	96 hours
	Acute EC50 510 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13 µg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1300 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.01 mg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/L Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 200 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days



Section 12. Ecological information

Chronic NOEC 466 µg/L Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Embryo 44 days

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Citric acid	-1.8	-	low
Nickel dichloride	-	5613	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-

AERG: Not applicable

DOT-RQ Details : Nickel dichloride 100 lbs / 45.4 kg





Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises**: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Disodium [[N,N'-ethylenediylbis[N-(carboxylatomethyl)

glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON']zincate(2-); Nickel dichloride

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Nickel dichloride

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

: Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

(Frecursor Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive		Delayed (chronic) health hazard
1	No. No. No.	No.	No. No. No.	Yes. No. Yes.	No. Yes. Yes.

SARA 313



Section 15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number
Form R - Reporting requirements	Disodium [[N,N'-ethylenediylbis[N-(carboxylatomethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON'] zincate(2-) Disodium [[N,N'-ethylenebis[N-(carboxymethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON'] manganate(2-) Diammonium hydrogenorthophosphate	14025-21-9 15375-84-5 7783-28-0
	Nickel dichloride	7718-54-9
Supplier notification	Disodium [[N,N'-ethylenediylbis[N-(carboxylatomethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON'] zincate(2-)	14025-21-9
	Disodium [[N,N'-ethylenebis[N-(carboxymethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON'] manganate(2-)	15375-84-5
	Diammonium hydrogenorthophosphate Nickel dichloride	7783-28-0 7718-54-9

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts: None of the components are listed.

New York : The following components are listed: Nickel dichloride

New Jersey : The following components are listed: Disodium [[N,N'-ethylenediylbis[N-

(carboxylatomethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON']zincate(2-); Nickel dichloride

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: Disodium [[N,N'-ethylenediylbis[N-

(carboxylatomethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON']zincate(2-); Disodium [[N,N'-ethylenebis[N-(carboxymethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON']manganate(2-); Nickel

dichloride

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	•	level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Nickel dichloride	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

Canada

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: Disodium [[N,N'-ethylenediylbis[N-

(carboxylatomethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON']zincate(2-); Disodium [[N,N'-ethylenebis[N-(carboxymethyl)glycinato]](4-)-N,N',O,O',ON,ON']manganate(2-);

Diammonium hydrogenorthophosphate

CEPA Toxic substances: The following components are listed: Nickel dichloride

Canada inventory : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method

History





Section 16. Other information

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy : 02/28/2017 Date of previous issue : 01/01/2017

Version : 2

Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

